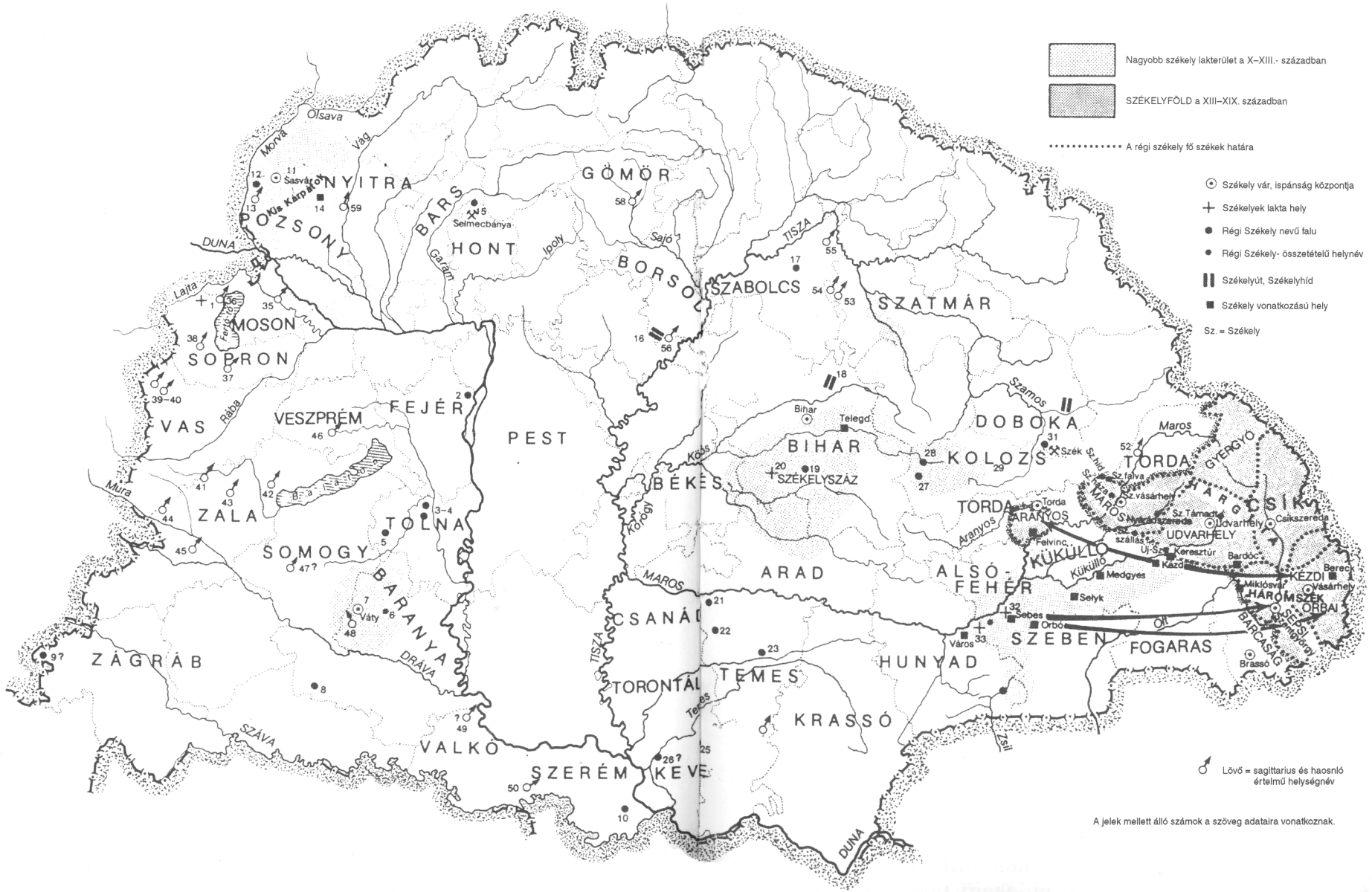SZÉKELYEK, LÖVŐK A RÉGI MAGYARORSZÁGON